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CRITICAL ISSUE TO CONSIDER WHILE DEVELOPING SQL INJECTION PREVENTION MECHANISM

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Abstract: SQL injection vulnerability is the one of the most common web-based application vulnerabilities that can be exploited by SQL injection attack to gain access to restricted data, bypass authentication mechanism and execute unauthorized data manipulation language. Defensive coding is the simple and affordable way to tackle this problem, by applying secure coding in each an every queries used in application. In this paper we provide a detailed background of SQLI attack, we classify defensive coding into different categories, review existing techniques that are related to each technique, and also evaluate such techniques based on number of attacks they were able to stop. We also evaluated each category of approach based on it's deployment requirement related to inheritance. Currently, to the best of our knolwdge no papers have classied defensive coding as we do.

I. INTRODUCTION

SQLI (SQL injection) vulnerability is the one of the most dangererous vulnerabilities in web-based database driving applications. It occurs as a result of inappropriate user input validation, which enables the attacker to manipulate programmer intended queries by adding new SQL operator, command, keyword, or clause to perform unauthorized database extraction modification, thereby bypassing authentication mechanism.

The main cause of SQL injection vulnerability is improper validation of user input. Input validation is a technique by which a programmer applies defense code practice to secure each static query manually. One of the objectives of defensive programming is to write secure queries so that it behaves in a predictable manner despite unexpected inputs or user actions. It is based on the idea that every program module is solely responsible for itself. After web development, its code should be reviewed by security analysts for proper use of function.

II. BACKGROUD OF SQLIA Injection Parameter

Injection through User input field: user input fields are provided in web applications to enable web application users to request information that are stored in application database to the user with help of HTTP POST and GET such as Login input, URL input and SEARCH input.

SQLIA Types

- 1. Tautology attack
- 2. Piggy-backend query attack
- 3. Illegal/Incorrect logical query attack
- Inference attack

- Store procedure attack
- 6. Union query attack
- 7. Alternate encoding attack

III. CATEGORAZATION OF DEFENSIVE CODING

Basically defensive coding can be characterized as shown in Figure 1 below. Programmer uses one or more approaches to patch up their application depending on the need of the enterprise. For example some enterprises do not allow search box in the website to reduce the risk of being attacked. In such cases they provide the user with predefined search inputs, thus there is no need of applying security code in search box. As shown not all approaches are applicable in all injection points.

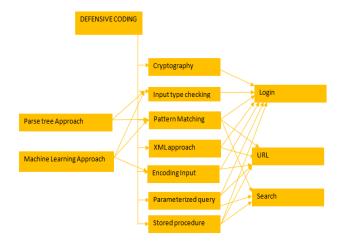


Figure 1 Categorization of Defensive Coding.

IV. EVALUATION

Evaluation Based on Deployment

We analyze each approach as shown in Figure 2 based on different deployment requirements.

METHOD	URL	LOGIN	SEARCH	DETECT	PREVENT	MODIFY CODE BASE	RESISTANCE TO ATTACK	ACCURACY
CRYPTOGRAPHY	X		X	X			HIGH	HIGH
PATTERN MATCHING	0	0	0	0	0	X	MEDIUM	DEPEND ON FILTER PATTERN
XML				X		Χ	LOW	HIGH
MASHINE LEARNING		0	0	0	0		MEDIUM	DEPEND ON TRAINING DATA
PARSING		0	0	0	0		HIGH	DEPEND ON TREE STRUCTURE

Figure 2 Evaluation based on deployment requirments.

Evaluation Based on the Attack Type

We analyzed and evaluate each proposed method as shown in Figure 3 to assess whether it is capable of addressing particular attack. Evaluation was done analytically based on our experience,:we have not assess any of the method in real time practices because implementation codes of most methods are are not available or some methods are not implemented.

METHOD	tautology	Illegal/incorrect	Piggy- backend	inference	Alternate encode	Stored procedure	Union
LITERATURE[1]	0	0	X	0	X	X	X
LITERATURE [2]			X		X	X	X
LITERATURE 3]			X		X	X	X
LITERATURE [4]			X	X	X	X	X
LITERATURE [5]				х		x	
LITERATURE [6]				x		x	
LITERATURE [7]				X		X	
LITERATURE [8]				X			
LITERATURE [9]			X		X		X
LITERATURE [10]						X	
LITERATURE [11]				X		X	
LITERATURE [12]				X		X	
LITERATURE [13]				X			
LITERATURE [14]				X			
LITERATURE [15]							
LITERATURE [16]				X		X	
LITERATURE [17]				X		X	
LITERATURE [18]	0			х		0	
LITERATURE [19]	0		0	х		x	
LITERATURE [20]	0		0	Х		X	

Figure 3 Evaluation Based on the Attack Type

Conclution

In this paper we present background of SQLIA. We introduced most common approach used to prevent SQLIA, categorized such approaches into a survey of different methods, surveyed existing techniques related to each method, identify some common issues related to each approach as well as programmer mistakes. We also

evaluated each approach based on its inherited deployment requirement and each technique based on the type of attack able to address.

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[&]quot;o"indicate method can be deployed to that injection parameter.

[&]quot;x"indicate method cannot be deployed to that injection parameter.

[&]quot;o"indicate method can successfully stop attack of that type.

[&]quot;x"indicate method cannot stop attack of that type.