UNIVERSITY ASSET MANAGEMENT SYSTEM (UniAMS)

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UNIVERSITI TEKNOLOGI MALAYSIA

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To my loving and caring father and mother, my two sons, Ahmad Nur Ehsan and Ahmad Nur Rezwan and my daughter Nur Akhmah who provide me with the constants source of inspiration, motivation and true meaning of life.

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ABSTRACT

This thesis studies, analyzes and develops a system to manage the implementation of procurement through quotation proposal and management of asset information at Advance Information Technology Institute (AITI) as a case study with ultimate aim that the system is to be used at Universiti Technologi Malaysia (UTM) in particular, and at Public Higher Learning Institute of Malaysia (IPTA) in general. This is because all IPTAs are covered by a circular and a letter of Treasury of Malaysia for instance *Surat Pekeliling Perbendaharaan Bil.6 Tahun 1998 dan Pekeliling Perbendaharaan (PP) Bil. 2 Tahun 1991*.

University Asset Management System is a web-based application that was developed using object oriented approach while Hypertext Preprocessor (PHP) is used as a programming language, Multi-user Structured Query Language (mySQL) for database, Apache Web Server for the server and PhpMyAdmin as an editing tool for database.

Through the University Asset Management System, activities of procurement through quotation proposal and management of asset can be administered online which involve user categories—such as System Administrator, Applicant / Custodian, Approver, Administrator Officer, Quotation Assembler ,Quotation Committee, Administration Officer, Site Officer, Inspector, Building Property Office—and Supplier.

In general, University Asset Management System is a system that advocates managing information with more efficient, correct and accurate, uniform besides minimizing typing error/s due to typing are only done during the beginning of the process.

ABSTRAK

Tesis ini dilaksanakan bagi mengkaji, menganalisa dan membangunkan system bagi mengurus pelaksanaan proses perolehan melalui sebutharga dan penyelenggaraan aset di Advance Information Technology Institute (AITI) sebagai bahan kes yang mana maklumat akhir sistem ini dengan pengubahsuaian yang minima boleh digunakan di Universiti Teknologi Malaysia (UTM), khasnya dan di Institusi Pengajian Tinggi Awam (IPTA) amnya. Ini adalah kerana semua IPTA menggunakan prosidur perolehan sebutharga dan penyelenggaraan asset berdasarkan prosidur yang digariskan dalam Surat Pekeliling Perbendaharaan contohnya Bil.6 Tahun1998 dan Pekeliling Perbendaharaan (PP) Bil. 2 Tahun 1991.

University Asset Management System adalah sistem berasaskan web yang dibangunkan menggunakan pendekatan berorientasikan objek, manakala bahasa pengaturcaraan ialah Hypertext Preprocessor (PHP), Multi-user Structured Query Language (mySQL) untuk pangkalan data, Web Apache Server sebagai pelayan dan phpMyAdmin untuk melakukan kerja pengeditan pada pangkalan data.

Melalui *University Asset Management System*, aktiviti perolehan secara sebutharga dan penyelenggaraan aset boleh dilakukan sepenuhnya dalam talian yang melibatkan peranan seperti Pentadbir Sistem, Pemohon, Pelulus, Pegawai Tadbir, Pembuka Sebutharga, Jawatankuasa Sebutharga, Pemeriksa, dan Syarikat Pembekal.

Keseluruhannya, *University Asset Management System* dapat membantu menggalakkan pengurusan informasi sebutharga dan aset secara lebih effisen, tepat dan seragam di samping mengurang kesilapan menaip informasi kerana ianya hanya ditaip sekali semasa permulaan proses.

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LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS

University Asset Management System

PHP Hypertext Preprocessor

MySQL Multi-user Structured Query Language

URS User Requirements Specification

SA System Administrator

AC Applicant / Custodian

AE Approver / Endorser

AO Administration Officer

CO Company

QA Quotation Assembler

QC Quotation Committee

SO Site Officer

BP Building Property Office

UAT User Acceptance Test

DHM Daftar Harta Modal (Asset Registrar)

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CHAPTER 1

PROJECT OVERVIEW

1.1 Introduction

The University Asset Management System (UniAMS) is proposed to be used by the Public Higher Education Institute of Malaysia (IPTA). IPTA is a group of the higher learning institutes under direct jurisdiction of the Ministry of Higher Education, Malaysia (MOHE). IPTA is set-up under the Federation of Statutory Body Act that requires it to practice procurement procedure according to the Surat Pekeliling Perbendaharaan Bil. 6 1998 and asset management according to the Pekeliling Perbendaharaan bil 2 Tahun 1991. Based on the circular, UTM is using *the Pekeliling Bendahari Bil 2/2000* and *The Pekeliling Bendahari Bil 2/98* which is circulated by their Treasury Offices.

Ministry of Finance (MOF) establishes the baseline standards and procedure through circulars and treasury directive to ensure that government offices including IPTA are fully responsible in procuring, recording, tracking, maintaining and disposing assets throughout their lifecycles. Asset management function is part of the

Government's framework of resource allocation throughout government offices.

University Asset Management System is a complete system that includes the process of procuring, recording, tracking, maintaining, and disposing. It also includes a series of operational and managerial reports.

Since the study case's user for this system is Advanced Information Technology Institute (AITI), therefore the Institute will become the primary reference while the Building Property Office and the Treasury Office will be the supporting references. The system will be installed and executed at AITI for evaluation, utilization and where appropriate, would be recommending to other faculties/departments/centres of UTM as well as other IPTA.

1.2 Background of The Problem

The background of the problem described about the core business of the Institute and the problem area which leads to the need to simplify and automate the current business process.

1.2.1. Core Business of The Institute

The Institute core business is to carry out research and consultancy in the area of information technology and communication (ICT), and running academic programs.

1.2.2 Problem Area

Currently, a procurement process and an asset management at the Institute is performed manually, through a manual process. This, however, makes the process laborious and time consuming. Since the information could quickly become obsolete due to the dynamic nature of information involving the activities such as document preparation, assemble, valuation, recording, reallocating, upgrading, inspecting, replacing and disposing.

The manual process normally will involve extensive paperwork and is prone to human errors. The MS word and MS excel which is currently used to record information of assets sometimes can be mistyped, incomplete and miscalculate as well as non-integrated.

It is also troublesome and tedious to trace the physical asset and to track their movement. This is because the asset record sometimes does not match with the exact location of the asset due to the problem of misplaced, relocated or removed. The problem becomes critical during an audit exercise where the record will show that the particular asset is not at the physical location as stated in the asset registrar.

1.3 Statement of The Problem

According to problems discovered above, vulnerabilities arise because of the manual process flows and its affect on almost all categories of user such as an applicant, an approval, an administration office, a quotation assembler, a quotation committee, a staff and a supplier.

Basically, there are two foremost statements of the problem which is to be solved by the developed system;

- i. How the University Asset Management System, can be used to improve and simplify current process.
- ii. How and what asset information can be integrated and shared among processes or users.

Seeing such problems exist among the users, it motivates the author to develop UniAMS system, which is a computerized system solution that is developed based on AITI circumstances.

1.4 Project Objective

The following is a list of objectives for the University Asset Management System, UniAMS.

- i To study the current business process by gathering, understanding and analyzing the existing information and process flow;
- To design and develop a web-based computerized system using Object
 Oriented System Development Methodology and Unified Modeling Language notation;
- iii. To provide a platform for information sharing and relationship among the users, which can be used to improve efficiency and effectiveness of the Institute in Procurement and management of an asset.
- iv. To formulate organizational strategy for the successful implementation of the system.

1.5 Project Scope

The scopes are defined as the boundary of the project in term of functionality, data, software, hardware and platform, feature, user and type of testing.

1.5.1 Functionality;

- a. Login and logout with access level for preventing illegal access to valuable information.
- b. Preparing the environment by enabling the activities that would be performed online.
- c. Creating and storing of a procurement and asset information.
- d. Searching, viewing and listing of procurement and asset information.
- e. Updating and deleting of procurement and asset information.
- f. Locating the placement and movement of asset at site.
- g. Keeping a inspection record
- h. Updating a disposal information.
- i. Supplier can submit and view the relevant information required by online.

1.5.2 Data;

The test data is used to test the usability of the system. The test data are chosen since some of actual data are confidential and accessibility is restricted to outsiders.

1.5.3 Software, hardware and platform;

- a. The software for implementation is PHP V 5.01 and Apache Web Server.
- b. The database is My SQL V 4.0.
- c. The hardware for server is a Pentium Based server or equivalent, Network Interface Card and Hub/Switch and for client is a Pentium Based PC or equivalent, Network Interface card.
- d. The platform for the server is Windows NT or equivalent and for client is Window 98 or higher.
- e. The documentation software is Rational Rose, Microsoft Visio 2003 Professional, Microsoft Office 2000 and Microsoft Project 2000.
- f. The architecture is a two-tier client/server

1.5.4 Features;

- a. Centralize database
- b. Web based system
- c. Provide user-friendly interface
- d. Provide on-line inquiry
- e. Assign multiple access responsibilities according to the tasks and access rights of each user

1.5.5 Users;

Users are divided into several categories and will have different access level when using the system. Among of them are system administrator, applicant, approver, quotation assembler, quotation committee, administration officer and supplier

1.5.6 Type of testing;

The laboratory testing will be carried out by the developer to ensure the system is free from syntax, logic and run-time errors. The users might be asked to assist in performing the usability and satisfaction test.

1.6 Project Importance

In general, the system will help to improve the accuracy, efficiency, and productivity in managing asset. It also increases the accessibility of the information regardless of location and time, and most importantly the system is able to integrate information among processes or users. Specifically, the system will help to;

- i. Increase the accuracy of the information, since most of the data that need to be keyed in is validated through pre-defined and pre-coded data.
- ii. Increase the efficiency and productivity of the staff involved in managing the asset. Most of the information need to be keyed in only once, except for those information which need to be updated such as placement/ reallocation and inspection history.
- iii. The information can be accessed by the users with different access level after they have successfully authenticated themselves to the system; this will

enhance the consistency of the data.

One of the objectives of the audit exercise is to make sure that the practice of managing asset complies with the government procedures and regulations.
 Having the system implemented, the potential problems which might occur during the audit exercise will be minimized.

1.7 Summary

The chapter has provided an overview on the system UniAMS, which is a system solution that is customized to AITI's existing circumstances. Based on the chapter, a reader can have a general overview on problem statement, objective, scope and importance of the system.

Computerization has complimented many organizations in managing their business process flow. One of the main objectives of the project is to assist the Institute in managing the information. It is hope that the system will have some effect to the Institute in managing their asset in a more systematic and organized manner. Besides that, the usage of the computerized management system will prove that the Institute is proactive to the current technological requirement and always put it credibility one-step a head.

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