

SIMULATION OF ELECTRICAL DISCHARGE MACHINES POWER
GENERATOR

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To my beloved parents and sister (Iman) for their encouragement and love

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ABSTRACT

Electrical Discharge Machining (EDM) is a non-conventional material removal electro-thermal process EDM able to produce sufficient surface roughness that help in improving implant lifespan. In EDM process, power supply is one of the important elements in providing thermal action between the electrode and the work piece. A device for low discharge energy and current for EDM application is developed. It is essential to develop power supply unit capable of producing required discharge energy for proper machining process, high material removal rate and good surface finish. In this project a new design of power supply will be explored in an attempt to develop a low power generator for biomedical EDM. A new design specification for switching power supply (SMPS) of Electrical Discharge Machining (EDM) is proposed. The circuit design of SMPS is first described. The design of EDM pulse power supply based on switching circuit pulse width modulation current closed-loop principle has been initiated. Therefore, the efficiency of the new system is considerably increased, its weight and size is decreased much. Then, a MATLAB/SIMULINK modeling technique is employed to obtain low discharge energy and current for Micro-EDM biomedical application.

ABSTRAK

Pelepasan elektrik Pemesinan (EDM) adalah pembuangan bahan elektro -terma process. EDM bukan konvensional mampu menghasilkan kekasaran permukaan yang mencukupi yang membantu dalam meningkatkan implan jangka hayat. Dalam proses EDM , bekalan kuasa adalah salah satu elemen penting dalam menyediakan tindakan haba di antara elektrod dan sekeping kerja. Peranti untuk tenaga pelepasan rendah dan semasa bagi permohonan EDM dibangunkan. Ia adalah penting untuk membangunkan unit bekalan kuasa mampu menghasilkan pelepasan tenaga yang diperlukan untuk proses pemesinan yang betul, tinggi kadar pembuangan bahan dan kemas permukaan yang baik. Dalam projek ini reka bentuk baru bekalan kuasa akan diterokai dalam usaha untuk membangunkan penjana kuasa rendah untuk EDM bioperubatan, spesifikasi reka bentuk baru bagi menukar bekalan kuasa (SMPS) Pelepasan Pemesinan Elektrik (EDM) dicadangkan . Reka bentuk litar SMPS mula-mula diterangkan. Reka bentuk EDM bekalan kuasa nadi berdasarkan beralih litar nadi modulasi lebar semasa prinsip gelung tertutup telah dimulakan. Oleh itu, kecekapan sistem baru adalah lebih meningkat, berat badan dan saiz adalah menurun banyak. Kemudian , satu teknik pemodelan MATLAB / SIMULINK digunakan untuk mendapatkan tenaga pelepasan rendah dan semasa untuk Micro- EDM permohonan bioperubatan.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

CHAPTER	TITLE	PAGE
	DECLARATION	ii
	DEDICATION	iii
	ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS	iv
	ABSTRACT	v
	ABSTRAK	vi
	TABLE OF CONTENTS	vii
	LIST OF TABLES	x
	LIST OF FIGURES	xi
	LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS	xv
	LIST OF APPENDICES	xvi
1	INTRODUCTION	17
	1.1 Background of Study	17
	1.2 Problem Statement	20
	1.3 Project Objectives	20
	1.4 Project Scope and Limitations	21
	1.5 Dissertation Outline	21
2	LITERATURE REVIEW	23
	2.1 The Basic EDM pulse power generator	24

2.2	Type of generator	28
2.2.1	RC-type pulse generator	28
2.2.2	LCC resonant	31
2.2.3	Flyback power supply	34
2.3	The Basic SMPS	37
2.4	Switching Component	39
2.5	Switching Controller	41
3	RESEARCH METHODOLOGY	42
3.1	Introduction	42
3.2	Project Flow Chart	43
3.3	RC Circuit Model	44
3.4	System Block Diagram of SMPS	45
3.5	Flyback Convertor Power Supply	46
3.6	Current Mode PWM Controller, UC3842	49
3.6.1	Simulink Model of Error Amplifier	51
3.7	Components' Value Calculation	33
3.8	Software for Simulation	54
4	RESULTS AND DISCUSSIONS	56
4.1	Analysis of RC type Relaxation EDM Generator	56
4.2	System Simulation with MATLAB code	62
4.3	Design and Simulation RC Circuit Generator	64
4.4	Design and Simulation Model of Flyback Convertor Power Supply	70
4.4.1	Simulink Flyback Convertor	71
4.4.2	SIMULINK model of PWM IC UC3842	72
4.4.3	Simulink Snubber Circuit	72
4.4.4	Analysis snuber Circuit	73
4.4.5	Result of Simulation	74
4.5	Design and Simulation Model of EDM Pulse Generator	76

	4.5.1 Analysis circuit EDM Pulse Generator in Laplace	79
5	CONCLUSION AND RECOMMENDATIONS	83
	5.1 Conclusion	83
	5.2 Recommendation for Future Works	84
	REFERENCES	85
	Appendices A-B	96-110

LIST OF TABLES

TABLE NO.	TITLE	PAGE
4.1	Different Values of τ	61

LIST OF FIGURES

FIGURE NO.	TITLE	PAGE
1.1	Graph of Ultimate Tensile Strength versus Year of Development(Singh 2008)	18
1.2	EDM – the non-conventional manufacturing process (Singh 2008)	19
2.1	The Basic of EDM System (Singh 2008)	25
2.2	Pulse Generator used in EDM (Han, Wachi et al. 2004)	26
2.3	The Capacitor Charging and Discharging (Singh 2008)	27
2.4	The Current Drawn from Charging and Discharging of Capacitor (Singh 2008)	27
2.5	The Erosion Mechanism of Work Piece (Singh 2008)	28
2.6	The Basic Relaxation Circuit (Sen, Kiyawat et al. 2003)	29
2.7	Circuit diagram of the EDM power supply using a full-bridge LC C resonant converter	32
2.8	Simplified Block Diagram of a Current Source Based on a Fly-back Power Supply (Mysinski 2008)	34
2.9	Flyback Converter Model with Magnetizing Inductance (Kadir, Rafiq et al. 2013)	35

2.10	Equivalent Flyback Converter Circuit When Switch Q is On (Kadir, Rafiq et al. 2013)	36
2.11	Relationship Between Duty Cycle and PWM Signal	38
2.12	The n-channel MOSFET current-voltage characteristic (Neamen and Pevzner 2003)	40
2.13	N-channel MOSFET (right), BJT and IGBT (left) (Sanjaya 2006)	41
3.1	Flowchart of Methodology	43
3.2	Source-free RC Network	44
3.3	Charging of a Capacitor	45
3.4	Block Diagram of Switch Mode Power Supply	46
3.5	Flyback Converter Model with Magnetizing Inductance	47
3.6	Equivalent Flyback Circuits when Switch Q is On	48
3.7	Equivalent Flyback Circuits when Switch Q is 'off'	48
3.8	Current-mode Control Schematic Diagram.	50
3.9	Block Diagram of UC3843	51
3.10	Error Amplifier with Compensation Network. (a) General form.(b) Equivalent Circuit.	52
3.11	Simulink Model for an Error Amplifier with Compensation Network.	52
3.12	Steps to Transfer Schematic into PCB Layout	54
3.13	The Software Simulation Working Environment.	55
3.14	Matlab Design Working Environment	55
4.1	Schematic of the Working Principle of RC Type EDM Relaxation Circuit	56
4.2	Schematic Representation of the Current During Charging and Discharging in EDM Process.	59

4.3	The Charge and Discharge of the Capacitor Voltage	62
4.4	Capacitor Current During Charge and Discharge	63
4.5	The Complete Schematic of Power Supply EDM	64
4.6	DC Source	65
4.7	Half-wave Input Signal	65
4.8	Schematic RC Power Supply	66
4.9	Block Diagram of RC	67
4.10	Output Voltage of RC	67
4.11	Output Current of RC	68
4.12	Simulation RC Circuit in Time Domain	69
4.13	Output Current Capacitor During Discharge in Time Domain	69
4.14	Output Voltage Capacitor During Discharge in Time Domain	70
4.15	Circuit model of Flyback Convertor Power Supply	70
4.16	Sub-block Diagram of the Flyback Converter Power Circuit	71
4.17	Simulink Model of UC3842	72
4.18	RCD Snubber Circuit in Flyback Convertor	73
4.19	Simulink Flyback Convertor Power Supply	74
4.20	Output Current (i_{Lm})	75
4.21	Output Voltage (V_o)	75
4.22	EDM Pulse Generator	76
4.23	Output Voltage Gap	77
4.24	Output Current Gap	77
4.25	Output Voltage Gap with Delay	78

4.26	Output Current Gap with Delay	78
4.27	Simulation of Transfer Function	80
4.28	Output Voltage and Current When Mosfet1 is off	81
4.29	Output Voltage and Current When Mosfet1 is on	81

LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS

A	-	Unit of current (I) flow
AC	-	Alternating Current
DC	-	Direct Current
F	-	Unit of Capacitance
Hz	-	Hertz
M	-	Unit of 10^6
m	-	Unit of 10^{-3}
μ	-	Unit of 10^{-6}
Ω	-	Unit of resistance (Ohm)
p	-	Unit of 10^{-12}
P	-	Unit of 10^6
R	-	Resistance
V	-	Voltage
C	-	Capacitor
W	-	Watt
EDM		Electrical Discharge Machines

LIST OF APPENDICES

APPENDIX	TITLE	PAGE
A	Source Matlab Code for RC	87
B	Data Sheets UC3842	89

CHAPTER 1

INTRODUCTION

1.1 Background

Since 1940's, a revolution evolved in manufacturing field, the materials used in either heavy or light industries had gradually increased. Figure 1.0 shows the ultimate tensile strength of different materials by following each evolving years of development(Singh 2008).

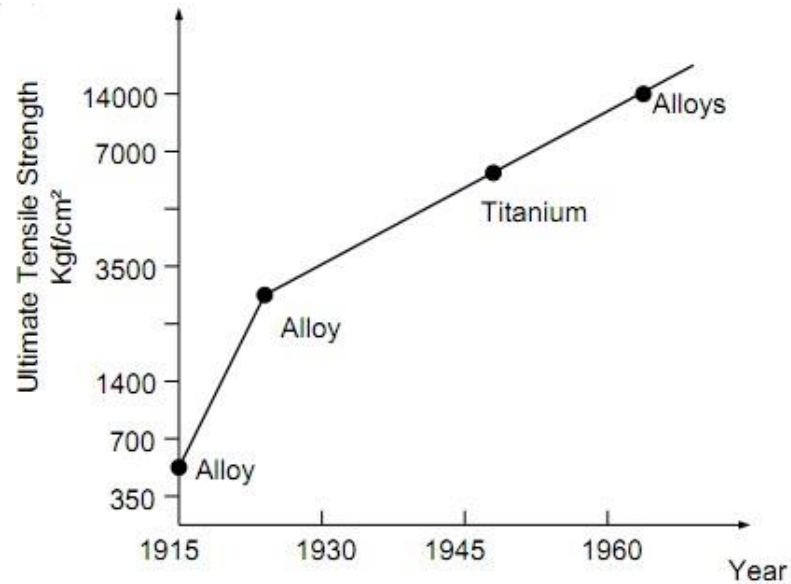


Figure 1.1 Graph of Ultimate Tensile Strength versus Year of Development(Singh 2008)

Due to the hardness, strength or weakness, traditional or conventional manufacturing methods used today are limited in their efficiency and the ability to manage these new materials. Therefore, a new approach was introduced or invented to deal with the materials. New approaches CES Manufacturing Processes are called unconventional manufacturing process. The unconventional Manufacturing Processes can be classified based according to the type energy in the single manufacturing process, using mechanical, chemistry, thermal or magnetic energy. By applying those types of energy mentioned above onto a work piece, some desired shapes of the work piece can be obtained. For instance, the materials that are extremely hard to form before, but now with the new invented method applied such as electro-chemical reaction, the materials are now formed(Singh 2008). Because of these new sophisticated inventions, the efficiency and capability of manufacturers are greatly improved. An Electrical Discharge Machining (EDM) process which will be partly discussed in this thesis is a kind of non-conventional manufacturing process. Figure 1.2 below describes the type of non-conventional manufacturing process.

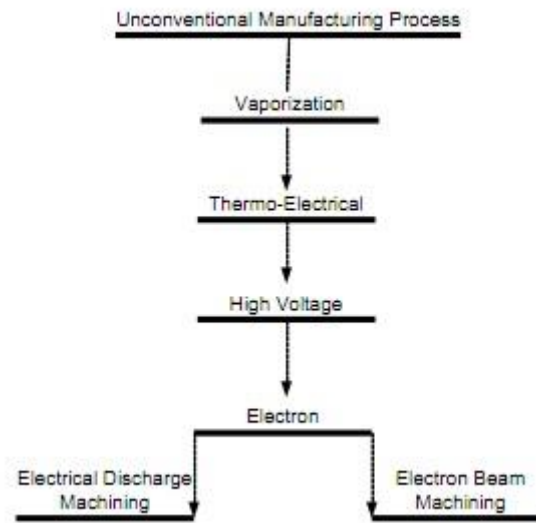


Figure 1.2 EDM – the non-conventional manufacturing process(Singh 2008)

Usually, there are two main considerations before a manufacturer decides to make the manufacturing process. The first consideration will be machining characteristics of the process where the machining characteristics are commonly as follows:

- 1) Metal Removal Rate (MRR)
- 2) Surface finished roughness
- 3) Power Consumption by machining process
- 4) Tolerance of actual machining surface
- 5) Depth of the surface damage

For the second review of the manufacturer is usually the main concern entire sector and end user as well, because it involves the cost of the manufacturing process, which covers:

- 1) Capital cost of manufacturing

- 2) Tooling cost
- 3) Power consumption cost
- 4) Metal Removal Rate efficiency

As the cost of energy is one of the main concerns of the industry, so that the type of power used is an important issue to reduce the energy consumption cost, and increase the efficiency of the power supply. For this reason, a project was conducted to develop a power supply high performance at the same time performing EDM process prototype.

1.2 Problem Statement

The switching power supply promises high efficiency performance over the whole system, so simulation Power Generator in MATLAB/SIMULINK can be used to model all the major type of power supply control ICs the devised SIMULINK behavior models capture almost all the important characteristics of the experimental circuits even if some assumptions are made to simplify the corresponding behavior models. The power generator was a main issue in EDM manufacturing industry, so for convenience, need general simulation power generator model. In RC generator uniform surface finish is difficult to obtain and in RC generator extremely low removal rate from its low discharge frequency, so, we want to develop RC generator. The power consumption cost was a main issue in EDM manufacturing industry, so, in the project, a high efficiency and high performance switch mode power supply (SMPS) will be developed instead of applying mode power supply.

1.3 Project Objectives

This project have three main objective about design and simulation some of type generator and power supply using in EDM as :

- Simulation and analysis RC generator
- Simulation and analysis Flyback convertor power supply
- Design and simulation of EDM pulse generator

1.4 Project Scope and Limitation

There are some goals in the project that must be fulfilled. In order to obtain the objectives of this project, scopes for this project has been determined. The scope of the project is to use the EDM machine, my project is about EDM power supply, so, focus in two important type power supply generator, RC generator and SMPS generator for SMPS need PWM switching.

1.5 Dissertation Outline

In order to understand the resistance-capacitor generator type power supply (RC), switch mode power supply (SMPS) and the pulse power supply of EDM, the basic knowledge about the RC and SMPS also the pulse power supply should be understood. In this Chapter, there will be an introduction on the reasons to establish this project. Because of the project, there would be a need for a literature review onto the EDM and RC and SMPS in Chapter two. Chapter three explanation methods of implementation of SMPS and RC. Into the bargain, the following Chapter four discusses the results of the works. A conclusion will be made in Chapter five, according to previous chapters and further research works and limitations about the project will be brought out as well in order to ease the reader for further studies and modifications onto the project.

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